20th August 1960]

APPENDIX I.

[Vide answer to the starred question No. 333 asked by Sri M. P. Sarathy at the meeting of the Legislative Assembly held on 20th August 1960, page 214 supra.]

A School of Indian Medicine was started in 1924. It was subsequently converted into a College of Indian Medicine in 1947 and it was later changed to a College and Hospital of Integrated Medicine. The College was training students in Ayurveda, Siddha and Unani systems of medicine along with modern medicine subjects till recently.

A Centrally Aided Research Scheme in the Hospital and College of Integrated Medicine, Madras, with 50 beds at a cost of Rs. 2,000 per bed per annum has been implemented with effect from July 1958 for conducting research in the following diseases:—

Ayurveda.—(i) Sopham (Dropsy in general).

(ii) Madu Meham (Diabetes).

(iii) Paksha Vadam (Hemoplegia).

Siddha.—(i) Swasam and Kasam.

(ii) Keel Vayu.

(iii) Sarma Noi (including Leprosy).

Unani.—(i) Kuru-hul Meda (Peptic Ulcer).

(ii) Zarh-Vo-khilfa (Sprul Syndrome).

The above research work is being carried out by well experienced and senior lecturers of this college. The 50 beds sanctioned for the research work are allotted as follows :—

(1) Siddha	30
(2) Ayurveda	10
(3) Unani	10

There is a department of History of Medicine started in July 1958 with well equipped staff consisting of Lecturer Grade I and three Pandits (Sanskrit, Tamil and Urdu) for evaluating the exact position of the three systems of medicine, namely, Ayurveda, Siddha and Unani ; and also to contribute to the medical knowledge. This department forms part and parcel of the literary research so far as it records the availability of medical literature in the form of Palm leaves, manuscripts, old printed books, etc., that are available with private individuals and institutions.

A scheme for registration of traditionally trained or/and hereditary practitioners of different systems of Indigenous Medicine under the Central Board of Indigenous Medicine, Madras, has been

started. The total number of practitioners who obtained the application forms is about 1,450. The scheme has already been implemented and is under progress.

Since it was found that instruction in the Indigenous systems of medicine did not go well with instruction in the Allopathic system of medicine, the Government have recently abolished the Integrated G.C.I.M. course with a view to develop the Indigenous systems in all its aspects. The Government have also under active contemplation a proposal to start separate institution in Indigenous systems of medicine.

The Government have decided to recognize Homeopathic system of medicine and have appointed an official committee consisting of the following members for the purpose of framing rules and regulations in regard to the teaching and practice of Homeopathy:—

(1) Dr. A. Umapathy Mudaliar, M.B.B.S., M.F.H. (Homeo.), (Lond.), (on leave), Superintendent, Government Royapetta Hospital, Madras.

(2) Dr. A. N. Subbaraman, M.B.,M.S., Dean, Hospital and College of Integrated Medicine, Madras-3.

(3) Dr. U. Maruthi Rao, M.B.B.S., D.L.O., Assistant Director of Medical Services (Integrated Medicine), Madras-6.

The Committee has submitted a draft Bill and it is under the consideration of Government.

APPENDIX II.

[Vide answer to the starred question No. 334 asked by Sri A. Vedarathnam at the meeting of the Legislative Assembly held on 20th August 1960, page 215 supra.]

Cess collected for the past three years—vide *clause* (அ) *of the question*—

1957–58.		1958–59.		1959–60.	
RS.	NP.	RS.	NP.	RS.	NP.
57,357	67	65,914	69	91,848	00

Expenditure incurred during the years 1957–60—*vide clause* (ஆ) *of the question*—

1957–58.		1958–59.		1959–60.	
RS.	NP.	RS.	NP.	RS.	NP.
1,03,061	97	1,40,528	00	1,34,498	00